## Processing DL Funds


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## Agenda

- Direct Loan Basics
- Academic Year
- Prorating Annual Loan Limits

- Transfer Students
- Resources

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## Processing DL Funds

## Direct Loan Basics

- William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program ("Direct Loan" or "DL")
- Loan types include
- Subsidized Stafford (Sub) - Only for undergraduates
- Unsubsidized Stafford (Unsub) - For undergraduates, graduates, and professional students
- PLUS Loan for Graduate and Professional Students (unsubsidized)
- PLUS Loan for Parents (unsubsidized) - For parents of dependent students


## Direct Loan Basics

- Regulations at 34 C.F.R.§685 (link from IFAP)
- Source of funds is the U.S. Treasury
- Money is transmitted via ED's G5 system
- Signed MPN or eMPN required
- Counseling required - Entrance \& Exit


## Loan Limits

- Students are subject to annual and aggregate loan limits
- Dependent upon the student's financial aid package, student may not be eligible to borrow the full amount
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| Annual Loan Limits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Dependent Undergraduate |  | Graduate/ Professional Student |
| ${ }^{18}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { (maximum } \\ \text { subsidized) }}}{\$ 5,500}$ | $\frac{\$ 9,500}{\substack{\text { (maxiumum } \$ 3,500 \\ \text { subsidized) }}}$ | Up to s20.500 each <br> academic year <br> (maximum 88.50 subsidized |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 6,500 \\ \text { (maximum } \$ 4,500 \\ \text { subsidized) } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { (maxinu,500 } \\ \text { subsidized) }}}{\$ 4,500}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3^{3 r f a n d} \\ & \text { Beyond } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (maximum } \\ \text { subsidized) } \\ \text { s5,500 } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { (maximum } \\ \text { subsidized) }}}{\$ 12,500}$ | 早 |
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## Aggregate Loan Limits

Dependent $\quad \$ 31,000$ combined sub/unsub Undergraduate No more than $\$ 23,000$ in sub
Independent \$57,500 combined sub/unsub Undergraduate* No more than $\$ 23,000$ in sub

Grad/Professiona
$\$ 138,500$ combined sub/unsub No more than $\$ 65,500$ in sub

* Also for dependent students whose parents are unable to obtain a PLUS loan

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## General Loan Awarding Principles

- Must award subsidized before awarding unsubsidized
- Base Amount may be all subsidized, all unsubsidized, or a combination.
- Subsidized amount may not exceed the Base Amount
- Annual Loan Limit includes the Base Amount and Additional Unsubsidized


## Processing DL Funds

| General Direct Loan Requirements |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Student must: | School must: <br> - Determine Pell eligibility before loans <br> - Determine loan eligibility <br> - Subsidized eligibility before Unsubsidized <br> - No Adverse Credit history for PLUS borrowers <br> - Aggregate limits <br> - Other Title IV eligibility requirements |
| - Be enrolled at least halftime |  |
| - Meet eligibility requirements, except for: |  |
| - Preparatory coursework |  |
| - Teacher certification coursework |  |
|  |  |
| Reminder: All general Title IV student eligibility requirements also apply |  |
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## Direct Loan Interest Rates - 2015-16

Direct Loans first disbursed on or after July 1, 2015 but before July 1, 2016

- Undergrad Sub and Unsub - 4.29\% (cap 8.25\%)
- Grad Unsub - 5.84\% (cap 9.5\%)
- PLUS - 6.84\% (cap 10.5\%)
- Consolidated Loans - weighted average of underlying loans rounded up to the next higher one-eighth of one percent
- No cap

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## Subsidized Stafford Loan Eligibility

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- Subsidized loans are need-based

COA - EFC - EFA = Loan Eligibility (Up to the
Annual Subsidized Amount)

- Interest is subsidized during:
- In-School
- Grace periods
- Deferments
- School must determine eligibility before eligibility for unsubsidized loans
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## Subsidized Loan Eligibility Limit

Limit on how many years a "first-time borrower" may receive subsidized loans.

- Applies to first-time borrowers on or after July 1, 2013. A first-time borrower is one who -
- Has no balance on any FFEL or Direct Loan on July 1, 2013, or
- Receives first Direct Loan (any type) on or after July 1, 2013

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## Subsidized Loan Limit - 150\% Rule

- Condition - When student has received Direct Subsidized loans for a period of time that is equal to $150 \%$ of the published length of the student's current academic program
- Result - Student may not receive additional subsidized loans for enrollment in that program or any program of equal or lesser length
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## Subsidized Loan Limit - 150\% Rule

- Students maximum time to receive subsidized loans is established based on the length of the program the student is enrolled in
- Remaining subsidized eligibility is calculated by subtracting from maximum eligibility for the program, the time the student has already received subsidized loans for enrollment in any program
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## Unsubsidized Stafford Loan Eligibility

- Unsubsidized loans are not need-based

COA - EFA = Unsubsidized Loan Amount (Not to exceed the annual loan limits) $\qquad$

- May replace EFC in packaging
- Borrower is responsible for interest
- May be paid or may allow to capitalize
- School determines eligibility AFTER awarding subsidized loans

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## Direct Unsubsidized Loan Eligibility

- Student can only receive an unsubsidized loan $\qquad$ (base or additional) for a loan period if the student has been awarded the full amount of his or her eligibility for a subsidized loan
- Student who is not awarded his or her full subsidized loan eligibility may not receive any unsubsidized loan for the same loan period
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## Processing DL Funds

## Unsubsidized Loan Flexibility

- For dependent Undergraduates whose parents are unable to borrow PLUS loans
- Due to adverse credit or
- Due to exceptional circumstances
- May receive additional DL funds (same amounts as Independent Undergraduates)
- Flexibility extends for one Academic Year

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## Unsubsidized Loan Flexibility

- FAA may use PJ to award Unsubsidized loans to dependent students without parental data
- Parent must certify cessation of support and refusal to complete the FAFSA
- School must document both items
- Not a Dependency Override (D/O)
- Student may receive up to his/her maximum dependent loan eligibility (Unsubsidized)
- Student not eligible for any other Title IV aid

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## Refusal to award a Loan

In Direct Loan Subsidized, Unsubsidized, and PLUS, a school has the authority to -

- Refuse to originate loan or
- Originate a loan at less than the amount requested by the student
- Must be done on an individual student basis
- Must provide student with written explanation $\qquad$
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## Processing DL Funds




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## Processing DL Funds




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## Processing DL Funds



Patrick' s Increased Unsubsidized Eligibility: $\qquad$ (If Parents denied PLUS, or if Patrick were Independent)

| Patrick - $1^{\text {st }}$ year student (loan limit \$9,500) | - EFC not considered |
| :---: | :---: |
| COA $\$ 20,000$ <br> - EFA $\$ 7,500$ | - Patrick may borrow the lesser of: |
| = Remaining Need \$12,500 | - $C O A-E F A=\$ 12,500$, or |
| EFA includes: <br> - \$4,000 Pell <br> - \$3,500 Subsidized loan | - $\$ 9,500-\$ 3,500=\$ 6,000$ <br> (Annual Loan Limit-Sub Limit = Eligibility) |
|  | In an Unsubsidized loan |
|  |  |



## Processing DL Funds

## Clock Hour Program Loan Periods

- Programs that MUST use Borrower-Based Academic Year \#3 (BBAY 3)
- Nonstandard terms Not Substantially Equal (NSE)
- Difference in length of terms is more than 2 weeks
- Non-term credit hour programs
- Clock-hour programs

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## BBAY 3 Attributes

- BBAY must meet minimum statutory definition of academic year $\qquad$
- 900 clock-hours / 26 weeks
- 36 quarter credit-hours / 30 weeks
- 24 semester/trimester credit-hours / 30 weeks
- Academic year does not begin until the student begins enrollment
- A new annual loan limit is not regained until student completes both weeks \& hours in definition of an academic year

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| Loan Periods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maximum loan period <br> - Generally school's academic year <br> - If less than an academic year, in some cases, loan is the length of the program |  |
|  | Minimum loan period <br> - It's the lesser of <br> - The Academic Year, OR <br> - The student's program, OR <br> - The remaining portion of the program |  |
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| BBAY 3 Payment Periods |
| :--- |
| - Cannot use more than |
| two payment periods |
| within a defined academic |
| year |
| - Must complete BOTH |
| hours and weeks to |
| progress from one |
| payment period to the |
| next |

## BBAY 3 Payment Periods

If program is one academic year or less
Academic Year Defined $=900$ Clock-Hours/ 26 Weeks
Program = 750 Clock-Hours/ 20 Weeks
375 clock-hours/ 10 weeks 375 clock-hours/ 10 weeks

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## Processing DL Funds



## Calculation of Direct Loans

## - A COA reminder:

- Unlike Pell, the loan COA is based on the costs for the loan period, which may not be a full academic year



## Disbursing Direct Loan Funds

- Must be equal disbursements for multiple payment periods
- Cannot use cents when disbursing loans in COD
- In a single payment period loan period
- Must make two disbursements ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ when student completes half the weeks and hours) unless meet Iow Cohort Default Rate benefit
- 3 years of official CDRs below 15\%



## Processing DL Funds



## Prorating Annual Loan Limits

Annual loan limits must be prorated when:

- The student is enrolled in a program that is shorter than a full academic year; OR
- The student is enrolled in a program that is one academic year or more in length, but is in a remaining period of study shorter than a full academic year


## Loan Proration

- Proration is NOT required for $\qquad$
- PLUS loans
- Graduate students $\qquad$
- Teacher certification
- Preparatory coursework $\qquad$
- Regardless of loan proration, school must not award more than student's loan eligibility


## Processing DL Funds

| Programs Shorter than an Academic Year |
| :---: |
| Multiply the applicable loan limit by the lesser of: |
| $\frac{\text { Hours enrolled in program }}{\text { Hours in the defined academic year }}$OR <br> Weeks enrolled in program <br> Weeks in the defined academic year <br> Federal StudentAid |

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| Programs Shorter than an Academic Year |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Program Length is Defined AY is 900 | Clock-hours / 22 weeks k-hours / 30 weeks |
| Hours: $\$ 3,500 \times \frac{600}{900}=\$ 2,333$ | Weeks: $\$ 3,500 \times \frac{22}{30}=\$ 2,567$ |
| Hours is the Lesser |  |
| \$2,333 |  |
| 300 Hours / 11 Wee | 300 Hours / 11 Weeks |
| \$1,167 | \$1,166 |
| *Separate calculation for additional unsubsidized Direct Loans* |  |
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## Remaining Periods Shorter than an AY

- If the remaining period of study consists of fewer clock hours than required in academic year definition
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| Remaining Periods Shorter than an AY |
| :--- |
| - For all program types, multiply the applicable |
| loan limit by: |
| Hours remaining in program of study |
| Hours required for defined AY |
| Unlike proration for programs that are shorter than an <br> academic year, there is no comparison of weeks and hours |
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| Remaining Periods Shorter than an AY |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,200 Clock-Hour Program with 900 ClockHour / 26 Week Academic Year |  |  |  |
| 1st $^{\text {st }}$ Academic Year |  | $\$ 3,500$ | Remaining Portion of Progra $\$ 4,500 \times \frac{300}{900}=\$ 1,500$ |
|  | 450 Hours 13 Weeks | 450 Hours 13 Weeks | 300 Hours 9 Weeks |
|  | $\underbrace{\$ 1,750}_{1^{\text {st }}}$ | $\$ 1,750$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ 2^{1 d} \text { BBAY } \end{gathered}$ |
| *Separate calculation for additional unsubsidized Direct Loans* |  |  |  |
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## Processing DL Funds

| Transfer Students |
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| - Three questions to consider |
| 1. Did the student attend a previous school? |
| 2. Did the student receive a Direct Loan at the |
| previous school? |
| 3. Has the academic year at the previous |
| school for which the loan was intended |
| ended? |

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| Transfer Students in Clock-Hour Programs |
| :--- |
| When Overlapping Academic Years Occur |
| - Student withdraws from School A program before |
| completing an academic year |
| - Student begins attendance at School B before |
| academic year from School A |
| is complete |


| Overlapping Academic Years |
| :--- |
| - Student is limited to remaining portion of annual |
| loan limit at School B until completion of the |
| academic year from School A |
| - When the student completes School A's academic |
| year at School B a new loan period may begin |
| - If new loan period is less than a defined academic year |
| then it must be prorated |

## Processing DL Funds

## Obtaining Academic Year Dates

- A school can obtain specific begin and end dates of the prior school's academic year by:
- obtaining documentation from the prior school, OR
- look for the academic year dates of Direct Loans originated by the prior school on the "award detail information page" in COD


## Transfer Student Example

- Student attends School A with an academic year beginning 9/18/14 and ending 3/13/15
- Student withdraws from School A on 11/29/14
- As grade level 1 student, this student received $\$ 1,750$ in Sub and $\$ 1,000$ in Unsub
- Student begins attendance at School B as a grade level 1 student on 12/15/14

Student may only receive remaining portion of loan not used until completion of School A's academic year
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## Processing DL Funds

## Basic Principles

1. The abbreviated loan period starts when the student starts at school B
2. The abbreviated loan period ends when the AY would have ended at School A and it does not matter how many hours or weeks of instructional time the student has completed
3. The amount that can be borrowed in the abbreviated loan period is the annual loan limit from School B minus any loan funds disbursed at School A for the overlapping Academic Year

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## Basic Principles

4. The first disbursement of the remaining balance loan borrowed for attendance at School B would be disbursed at the beginning of the loan period. The loan must be multiply disbursed in at least two disbursements over the abbreviated loan period unless School $B$ is subject to the low CDR rule, with the second disbursement of the loan disbursed at the calendar midpoint of the abbreviated loan period regardless of how many clock/credit hours or weeks of instructional time have been completed.

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## Basic Principles

5. The next loan period at School B would begin the day after the last day of the abbreviated loan period.
6. The next loan period would be subject to the normal BBAY3 rules in that the student must complete hours and weeks of instructional time before $\qquad$ qualifying for the second disbursement and to progress to the next academic year for annual loan limit purposes.

## Processing DL Funds



| Resources |
| :--- |
| FSA Handbook |
| Volume 3, Chapters 1 and 5 |
| Dear Colleague Letters and Electronic |
| Announcements |
| Federal Register dated May 16, 2013 (FR 28953) |
| Site Links <br> https://studentaid.ed.gov/types/loans <br> https://studentloans.gov <br> Federal StudentAid |


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## Processing DL Funds

| Contacts |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Atlanta School Participation Team |  |
| - MS, AL, FL, GA, NC, SC |  |
| - Main Number: 404-974-9303 |  |
| - Cassandra Weems (IIS) 404-974-9305 |  |
| - Atlanta Training Officers |  |
| - MS, AL, FL, GA, NC, SC, KY, TN |  |
| - David Bartnicki - 404-974-9312 |  |
| Email: firstname.lastname@ed.gov |  |
| Fiteral Student Aid |  |

- Contacts $\quad$\begin{tabular}{l}
- Kansas School Participation Team - KY, TN <br>
- Main Number: 816-268-0410 <br>
- Jim Wyant (IIS) - 816-268-0431 <br>
- Philadelphia School Participation Team - VA <br>
- Main Number: 215-656-6442 <br>
- Joe Kern (IIS) - 215-656-8566 <br>
- Philadelphia Training Officers - VA <br>
- Amber Johnson - 215-656-5998 <br>
- Craig Rorie - 215-656-5916
\end{tabular}


## Training Feedback

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To ensure quality training we ask all participants to please fill out an online session evaluation $\qquad$

- Go to http://s.zoomerang.com/s/DavidBartnicki
- Evaluation form is specific to David Bartnicki
- This feedback tool will provide a means to educate $\qquad$ and inform areas for improvement and support an effective process for "listening" to our customers $\qquad$
- Additional feedback about training can be directed to joann.borel@ed.gov
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